

the Council the enclosed budget of appropriations for the year 1912."

Proposed budget of appropriations for the year 1912:

Salaries	\$5,500 00
Journal	3,500 00
Proceedings	1,500 00
Clerical expenses, Secretary's office	1,000 00
Printing, stationery and postage...	500 00
Miscellaneous expenses	500 00
Stenographers	200 00
Badges and bars	75 00
Journals for Reporter	35 00
Committee on Membership	50 00
Traveling expenses	200 00
Premium on treasurer's bond.....	37 50
Insurance	50 00
Certificates	50 00
Section on Scientific Papers.....	25 00
Section on Education and Legislation	25 00
Section on Practical Pharmacy....	25 00
Section on Historical Pharmacy...	25 00
Committee on Unofficial Standards	150 00
National Formulary general expenses	1,000 00
Reappropriation of balance in National Formulary Experimental fund	728 62
Reappropriation of unexpended portion of Special Committee on Membership appropriation.....	84 81
Total	\$15,285 93

Motion No. 19. (Approval of budget of appropriations for 1912.

Do you approve of proposed budget of appropriations for 1912 as above submitted?

J. W. ENGLAND, *Secretary of Council.*

FADS AND PHILOSOPHIES.

"Everything that is great in life is the product of slow growth; the newer, and greater, and higher, and nobler the work, the slower is its growth, the surer is its lasting success. Mushrooms attain their full power in a night; oaks require decades. A fad lives its life in a few weeks; a philosophy lives through generations and centuries. If you are sure you are right, do not let the voice of the world, or of friends, or of family swerve you for a moment from your purpose. Accept slow growth if it must be slow, and know the results *must* come, as you would accept the long, lonely hours of the night,—with absolute assurance that the heavy-led moments *must* bring the morning."—*William George Jordan.*

Obituaries and Memorials

CHARLES E. DOHME.

1843-1911.

After an illness of four years, Charles E. Dohme died at his home in Baltimore, on December 7, 1911.

Charles Emile Dohme was born at Obernkirchen, Schaumburg, Germany, on March 12, 1843, and came to this country with his parents in 1851. He attended Knapp's Institute in Baltimore, and subsequently entered the drug store of A. P. Sharp, at the southwest corner of Howard and Pratt Streets, Baltimore, as an apprentice, serving the full term of four years.

In the choice of vocation, Mr. Dohme was largely influenced by his older brother, the late Louis Dohme, who had obtained a position in the store of Mr. Sharp some years before. Like Louis Dohme, Charles matriculated at the Maryland College of Pharmacy and took his degree. He then obtained a position as clerk in the pharmacy of George L. Kidwell & Son, of Georgetown, D. C., and subsequently went with Andrews & Thompson, of Baltimore, with whom he remained until 1866, when he was admitted as a partner in the firm of Sharp & Dohme, being placed in charge of the manufacturing department. There his influence soon made itself felt in a signal manner. A large part of the apparatus needed in the various processes had to be devised, and in this work he developed an extraordinary resourcefulness. His practical mind enabled him to overcome one mechanical difficulty after another, and to devise a long series of appliances which not only facilitated operations, but produced a previously unattained perfection of products.

Mr. Dohme took a deep interest in the scientific and ethical sides of pharmacy. He identified himself closely with the Maryland College of Pharmacy. He supported it freely and gave encouragement in other forms. He used his influence to bring about a raising of standards, and encouraged young men who gave special promise. Besides, he sought to establish cordial personal relations between the faculty, the members of the College and the students, and on numerous occasions gave receptions and entertainments at his home

which were notable for their enjoyable character. In 1896 he was elected president of the College, serving one year.

He became a member of the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1863. In 1889-90 he held the position of local secretary; in 1890-91 he was second vice-president; in 1895 he was elected first vice-president, and in 1898 he was chosen president. For twelve years he was a member of the Council, and in 1900 was elected a member of the Board of Trustees of the United States Pharmacopœial Convention. In 1901, Mr. Dohme became chairman of the Board, and had a share in the work of bringing out the Spanish translation of the Pharmacopœia. He was a member of the Maryland Pharmaceutical Association and contributed numerous papers on pharmaceutical processes to the proceedings of various associations.

Mr. Dohme's sociability was strikingly shown by the fact that he became an active member of the Baltimore Drug Trade Bowling Club some ten years ago. He belonged also to the Germania Club, the leading German club of Baltimore. Besides attending many meetings of pharmaceutical associations, he traveled extensively in this country and abroad, and his home is filled with pictures of the places he had visited. He was a great reader and, notwithstanding his active professional and business life, possessed an intimate acquaintance with the thousands of books in his private library. He was a liberal patron of the arts and rarely missed a performance of grand opera or a high-class concert. His love of music led him to join the Mount Vernon Methodist Episcopal Church choir, and he was one of the organizers of the old Oratorio Society, in whose renditions he took an active part.

The year 1866 was a momentous one in the life of Mr. Dohme, for not only was he admitted to the firm in that year, but he also married, his bride being Miss Ida Schulz, of Baltimore. The union was blessed with three daughters and a son, the latter being Dr. A. R. L. Dohme, and the former Miss Adele Dohme, Mrs. Hans Von Marees, and Mrs. Charles E. Holzhauer, of Newark, N. J.

The funeral took place from his home on December 9, 1911. Rev. Richard W. Mogue, pastor of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Ascension, conducted the services.

Eight employees of the firm served as active

pallbearers, while the following acted as honorary pallbearers:

Henry T. Hilken, Charles Caspari, Jr., John F. Hancock, D. M. R. Culbreth, R. M. Waring, J. C. Muth, H. B. Gilpin, G. F. Bailey, H. P. Hynson, W. A. Sailer, J. H. Winkleman and H. P. Merryman.

Burial was in Loudon Park Cemetery.—
J. W. E.



WILLIAM MUIR.

1950-1911.

William Muir died at his home, 356 First Street, Brooklyn, November 24, 1911, aged sixty-one years. He was born at Glasgow, Scotland, in July, 1850. When a lad his parents came to this country and settled in Brooklyn. The boy obtained his early education in the public schools and then took a place in the drug store of Dr. J. D. Farwell, Joralemon and Court Streets. He matriculated at the College of Pharmacy of the City of New York, and received his diploma in 1870. About the time of his graduation, his employer opened a store at Broadway and Fourth Streets, New York, and in this he worked for some time. Then he clerked for Charles W. Kitchen, at Fulton and Washington Streets, Brooklyn, and for William Vincent, of the same city. In 1884, Mr. Muir went into business for himself, at Bedford avenue and South Second street, Brooklyn. Two years later he moved to Broadway and Gates avenue, where he remained until June 14, 1898. Since that time he had not been actively engaged in the drug business, it being understood that he retired with a competency.

He was always a strong organization man. As a young man he was one of the founders of the Alumni Association of the College of Pharmacy of the City of New York, and was largely responsible for the formation of the Kings County Pharmaceutical Society. In July, 1879, the first Kings County Board of Pharmacy was organized. Dr. Muir became a member of that board in 1894, and remained in it until the Greater New York board, of which he was also a member, took its place in 1901, and Dr. Muir was transferred to the latter. He remained a member of the State Board until August 1, 1910, when it went out of existence under the pharmacy law of that year, to be succeeded by one appointed by the regents of the State Univer-

sity. Dr. Muir was elected vice president of the old board in 1908 and its president the following year.

Owing to the efforts of Dr. Muir more than anyone else the Brooklyn College of Pharmacy has grown in twenty years to a large and flourishing institution, owning a building and equipment valued at something like \$100,000. As a result of his work the college, in 1897, gained legislative permission to grant the degree of Doctor of Pharmacy, and he was one of the first to receive it.

He joined the New York State Pharmaceutical Association in 1896, and was elected president in 1898, and was one of the founders of the National Association of Retail Druggists. He attended every meeting of this latter organization from the time of its formation up to last year, and was a loyal and devoted member. Dr. Muir joined the American Pharmaceutical Association in 1907.

The deceased is survived by a daughter, brother and sister. He was a Mason and took great interest in the work of that fraternity. The funeral services were held first by his lodge, at his late residence, and then at Plymouth Church (the old Beecher church), his usual place of worship.—*J. W. E.*



MEMORIAL TABLET TO MAHLON N. KLINE.

On the eve of St. Andrew's Day, 1911, the members of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, and many friends, attended services at the Church of the Savior, Philadelphia, which marked the unveiling of a tablet in memory of the late Mahlon N. Kline, formerly president of the Smith, Kline & French Co., and one of the foremost figures in American pharmacy.

The services were beautiful and impressive, and the tablet was placed in the wall of the Church of the Savior near where Mr. Kline died, suddenly, two years ago, just as he had arrived to attend a meeting of the Brotherhood, in the work of which he took the deepest interest. The tablet was inscribed as follows:

"In sacred memory of Mahlon N. Kline, accounting warden from 1898 to 1909, this tablet is placed here by his friends to keep in mind his consecrated life and devoted service. From this church his soul began its flight

homeward to God on the eve of Advent Sunday, 1909."

Poor, old Rip Van Winkle cried out, on his return from the mountains to Sleepy Hollow, after twenty years' sleep, and no one knew him—"How soon we are forgotten when we are gone!" But this is only a half truth in the case of a life like that of Mahlon N. Kline, whose fine Christian manhood and strong personality exerted an influence upon his fellow men, in the development of individual character, that was positive and far-reaching, and will last through the years to come.—*J. W. E.*



A. K. FINLAY.

Alexander Kirkwood Finlay, of New Orleans, La., died October 20, 1911, at the age of sixty-eight years. He was a native of Ireland, and long a resident of the Crescent City. For many years he had a store at the corner of Camp and Julia streets, and later operated a prescription laboratory in the Medical Building on Baronne street. His reputation as a pharmacist was national. He retired from active business ten years ago.

He was a member of the first Louisiana Board of Pharmacy, serving on that body from 1888 to 1893, several years as president. He was one of the organizers and first vice president of the Louisiana Pharmaceutical Association in 1882, and its president in 1885-6. In 1883, he assisted in the organization of the National Retail Druggists' Association and was elected as a member of the first executive committee. Later he became a vice president of the organization. Mr. Finlay was a life member of the American Pharmaceutical Association which he joined in 1885. He was elected to the presidency of the Association in 1890.—*J. W. E.*

RESULTS VERSUS MOTIVES.

"We never see the target a man aims at in life; we see only the target he hits. We judge from results, and we imagine an infinity of motives that we say must have been in his mind. No man since the creation has been able to live a life so pure and noble as to exempt him from the misjudgment of those around him. It is impossible to get aught but a distorted image from a convex or a concave mirror."—*William George Jordan.*